

TFP's Investment Principles

- Markets work. Securities prices reflect all available information.
- Diversification is key. Concentrated investments add risk with no additional expected return.
- Risk and Return are related. Exposure to meaningful risk factors determines expected return.
 - Stocks are much more volatile than bonds, but the real returns have been much higher than “safer” alternatives.
 - Inflation is a less noticeable risk in the short-term, but a great risk in the long-term.
 - The great long-term financial risk isn't loss of principal but erosion of purchasing power.
 - The great long-term financial risk of stocks is not owning them.
- Portfolio structure explains performance. Asset allocation primarily determines the results of a diversified portfolio.
- Costs Matter. Higher investment costs reduce returns. Lower taxes increase investment returns.
- Investing is not about “beating the market”, but in capturing market returns in the most cost-effective way. There is NO evidence that actively managing one's investments – stock selection, market timing – pays off.
- Good Investor Behavior:
 - Faith and optimism in the future
 - Patience
 - Discipline